

Optical spec-z follow-up for cluster cosmology

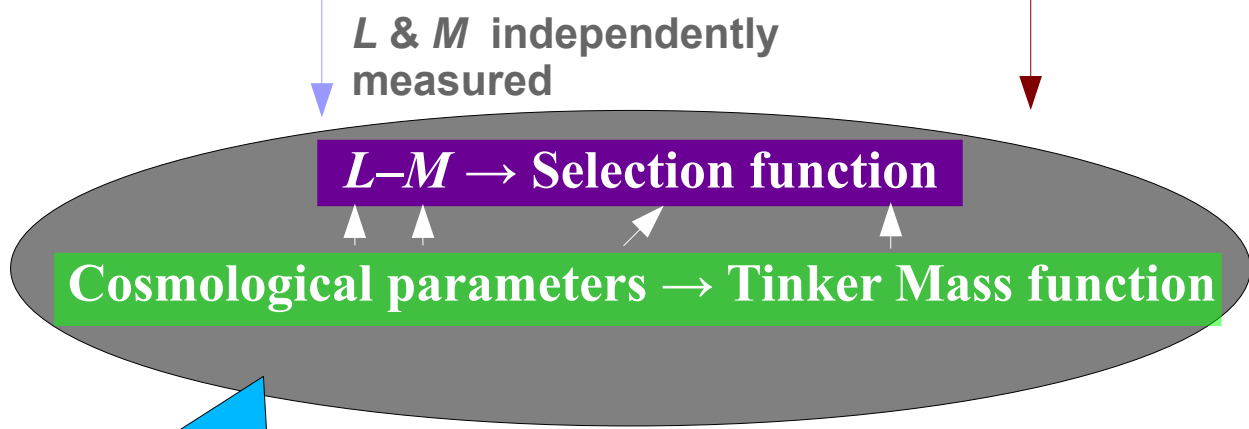
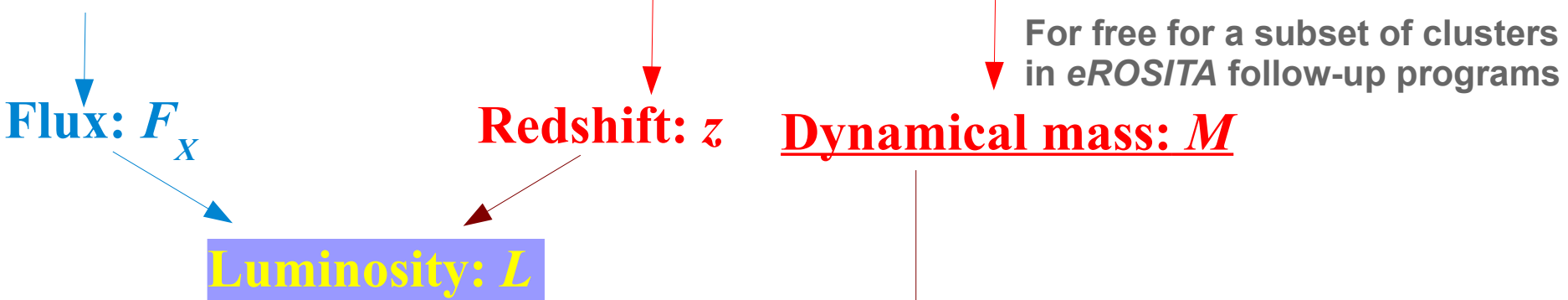
HIFLUGCS: Calibrating redshifts, dynamical masses and X-ray luminosity–mass relations of X-ray galaxy clusters

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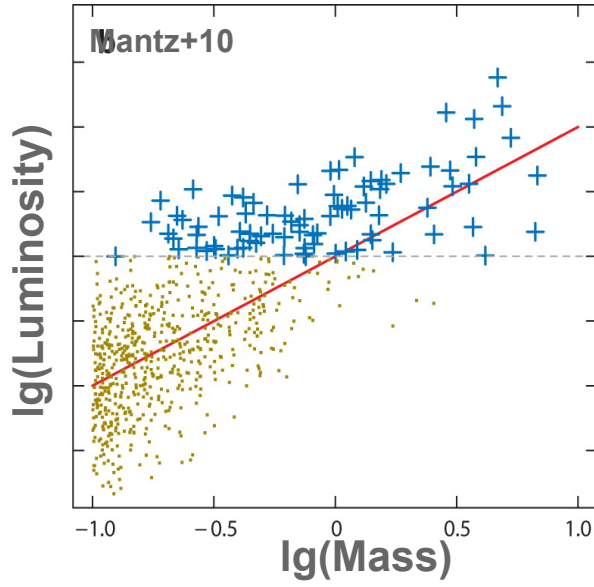
In prep.

Cluster cosmology

- X-ray clusters + optical spectroscopy of gal members



ML fit to $N(L,M)$ for $(\Omega_m \text{ \& } \sigma_8)$, $L=B \cdot M^A$, and $\sigma_{\text{lg}L}$ simultaneously



$$\ln \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{p}) = \sum_i \ln \frac{dN(l_i, m_i)}{dl dm} - \int \int \frac{dN(l, m)}{dl dm} dl dm . \quad (13)$$

Cluster cosmology

$$\frac{dN(l, m)}{dl dm} = \int P(l, m|m')P(m')dm' = \int P(l|m')P(m|m')P(m')dm' . \tag{5}$$

$$P(l|m') = \frac{P(m'|l)P(l)}{P(m')} = \int P(m|m')P(m'|l)dm' P(l) . \tag{7}$$

$$= \int P(m|m')P(m'|l)dm' \int P(l|m')P(m')dm' = P(m|l) \frac{dN(l)}{dl} . \tag{8}$$

mass calibration

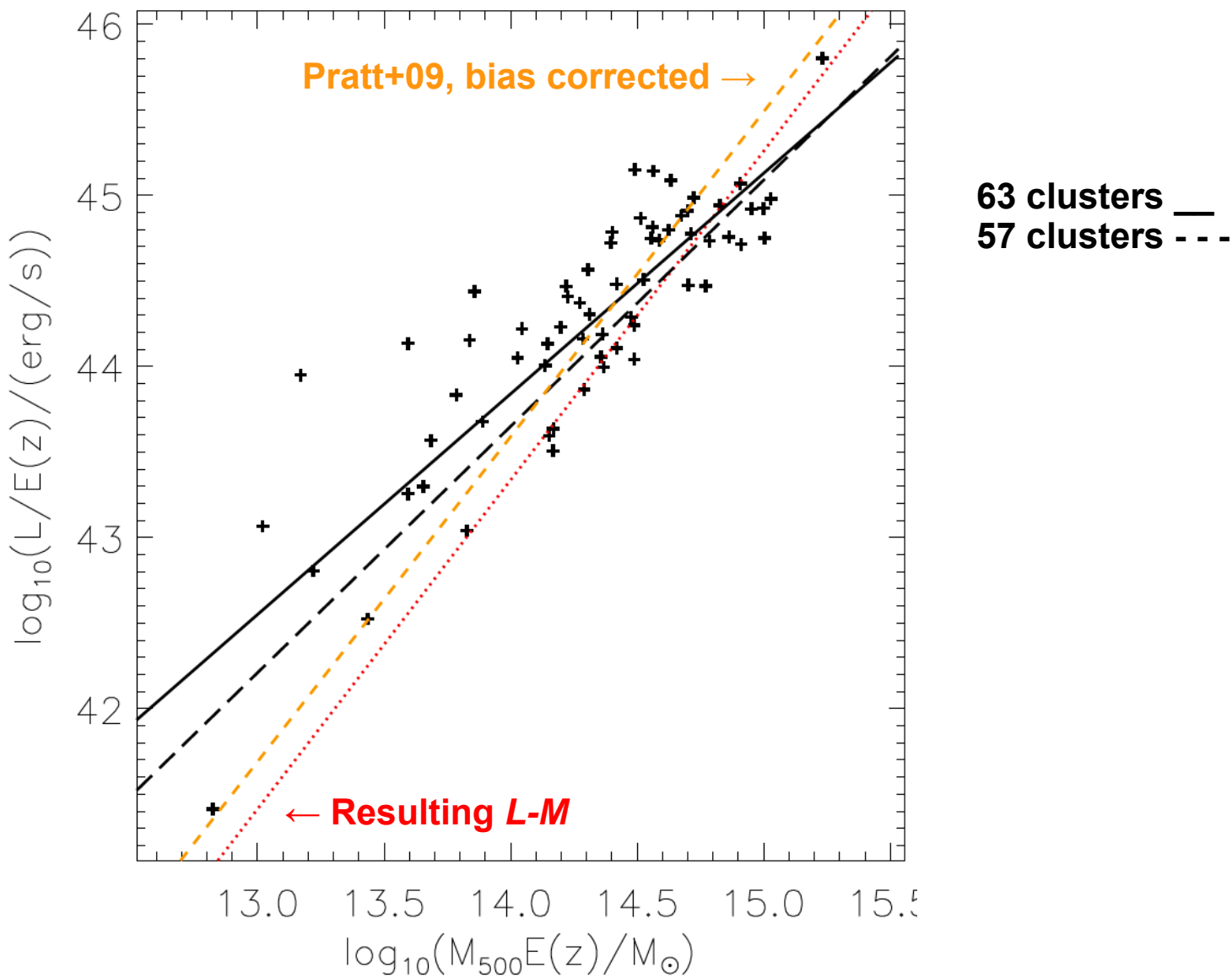
cluster number count

optical spectroscopy:
dynamical masses

$$\frac{dN(l)}{dl} = \int P(l|m') n(m') v_{\max}(l, m') dm'$$

Preliminary results: *L-M*

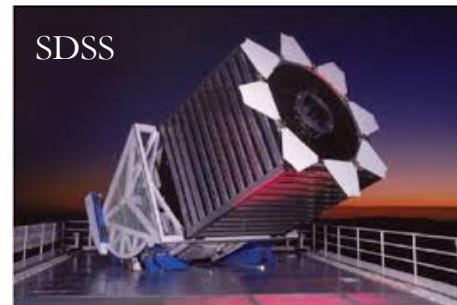
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eROSITA survey & its spec-z follow-up

- North: SDSS IV/SPIDERS (2014-2020)
 - More than 35,000 spec-redshifts in 4500 RASS+RedMapper (CODEX) clusters: 50% of all clusters (75% of rich clusters of richness >50) with **more than 10 spec-z per cluster**
 - eROSITA follow-up over a $\sim 2000 \text{ deg}^2$ area in the NGC: reach $>80\%$ completeness for eRASS:4
- South: VISTA/4MOST (2020-2025)
 - Complete, systematic follow-up of both Clusters and AGN from eROSITA: reach $>80\%$ completeness for eRASS:8
 - **1.4 Million spec-z** for 70k clusters: 24k/36k of clusters with richness >30 , and 10.5k/14k of clusters with richness >50 , will have **more than 20 spec-z per cluster**

More see talks from Andrea, Nicolas and Roelof



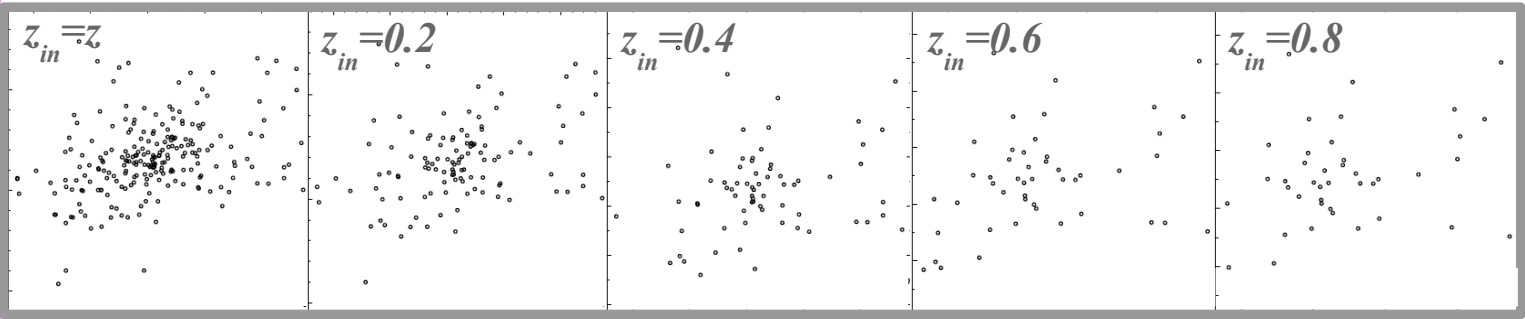
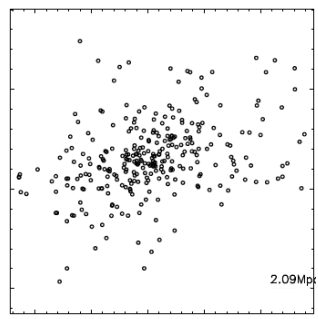
Mocking spec-z survey data

- Re-sampled 13467 spec-z: (e.g. 4MOST configuration below)
63 clusters x 5 redshift bins x 2 survey configurations x 500 realizations

Observations: A2256

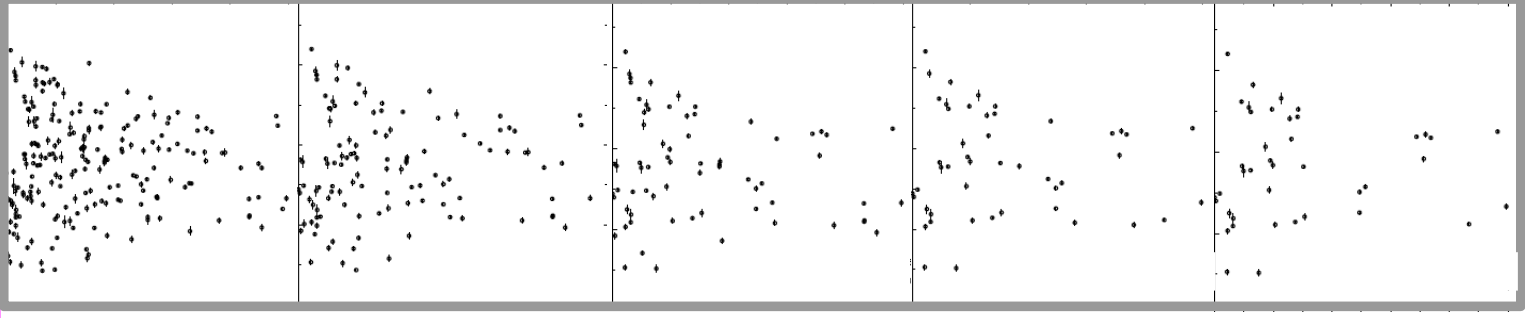
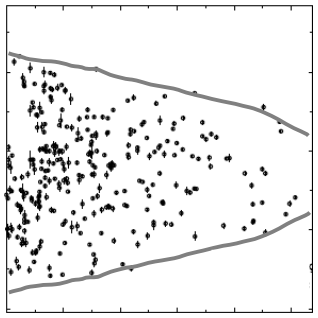
Simulations: re-sampled galaxy members using coming survey setups

2D cluster galaxies distribution in the sky

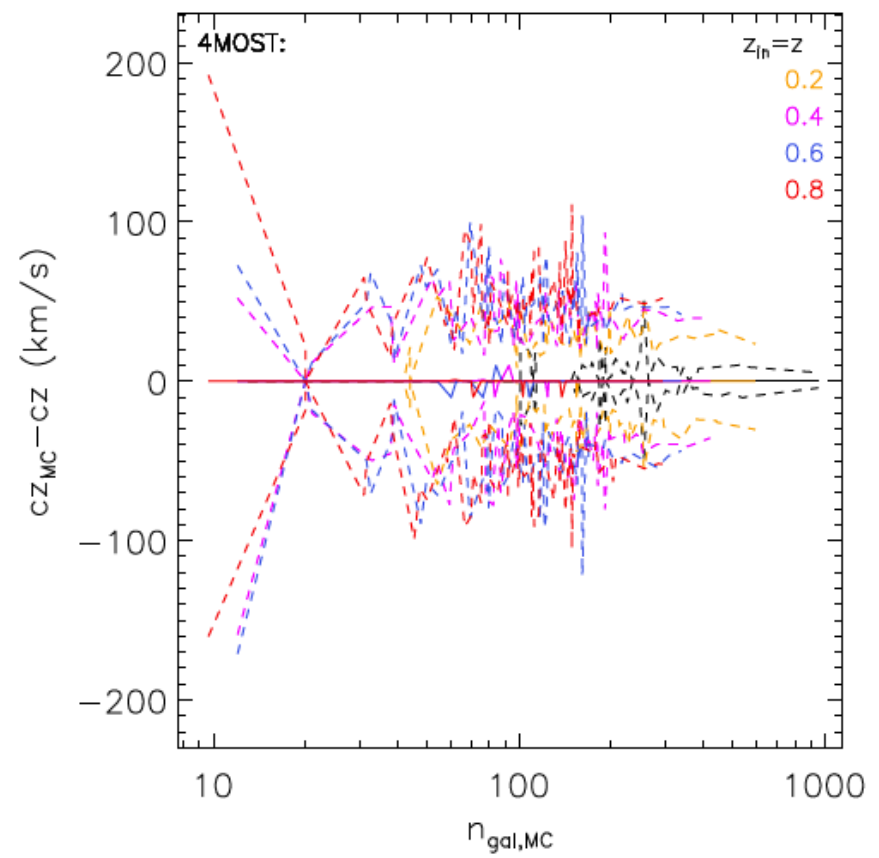
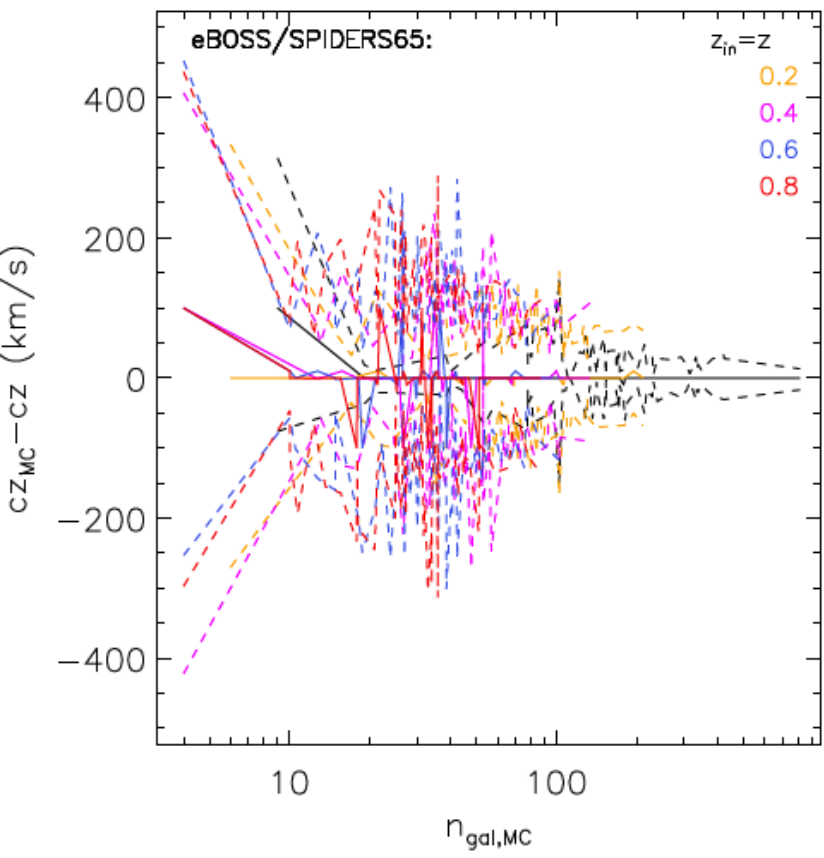


Line-of-sight velocity

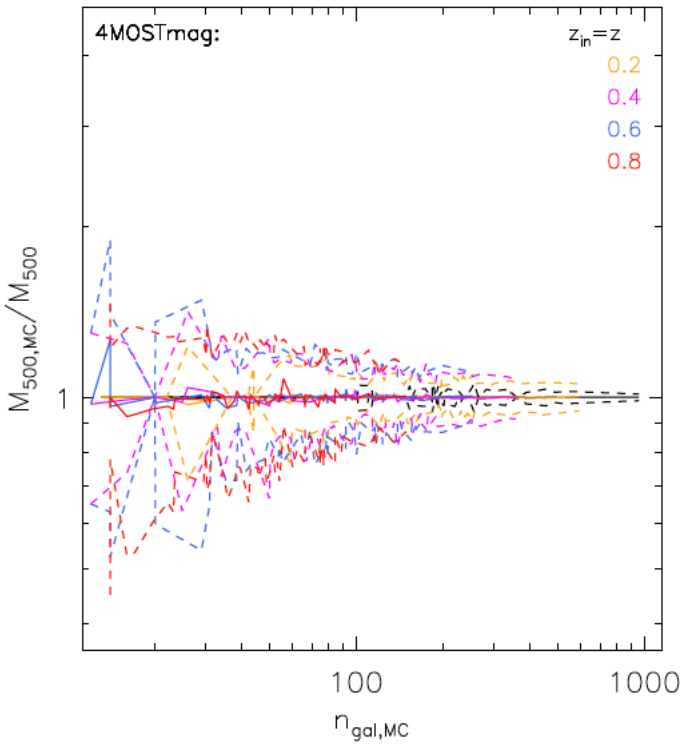
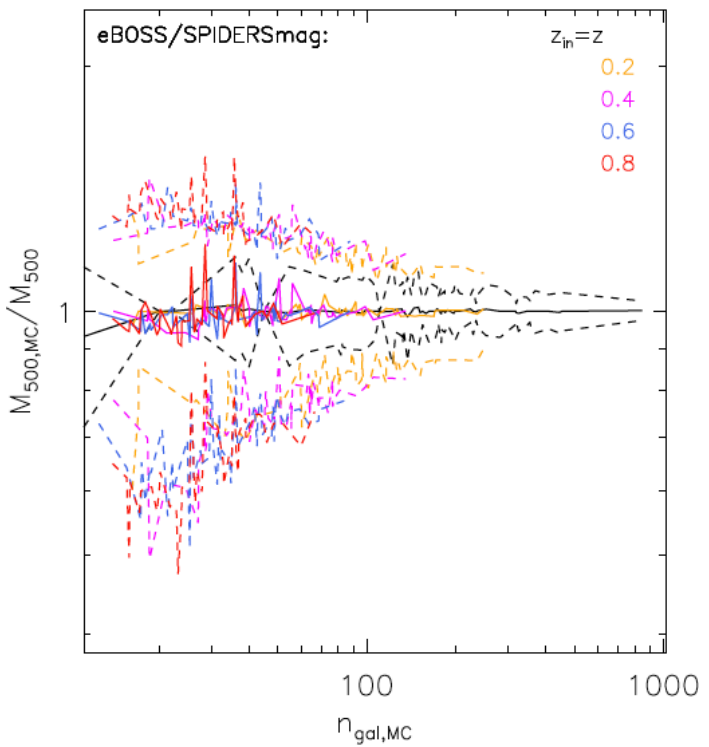
Projected distance



Results: z uncertainty in spec-z surveys



Results: mass uncertainty in spec-z surveys



Summary and perspective

- Independent measurements from multi-wavelength surveys can break the degeneracy between mass calibration and cosmological constraints.
- We can mock optical spec-z surveys based on
 - either your observations
 - or our simulations/observationsto model the error estimates of the cluster redshift, velocity dispersion and dynamical mass estimates.
- In progress in predicting the SPIDERS and 4MOST mock surveys using simulations.

